LEGISLATIVE SERVICES AGENCY OFFICE OF FISCAL AND MANAGEMENT ANALYSIS

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FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

LS 6377 BILL NUMBER: HB 1269 **NOTE PREPARED:** Mar 27, 2007 **BILL AMENDED:** Mar 22, 2007

SUBJECT: Headlights on Motor Vehicles When Wipers in Use.

FIRST AUTHOR: Rep. Friend BILL STATUS: As Passed Senate

FIRST SPONSOR: Sen. Jackman

FUNDS AFFECTED: X GENERAL IMPACT: State & Local

X DEDICATED FEDERAL

Summary of Legislation: (Amended) This bill:

- (1) provides that the operator of a motor vehicle who fails to display lighted head lamps and illuminating devices when weather conditions require the continuous operation of windshield wipers commits a Class D infraction:
- (2) provides that the Bureau of Motor Vehicles (BMV) may not assess points under the point system for such a violation, and that such a violation may not be included in a determination of habitual violator status; and
- (3) prohibits a person from being stopped, inspected, or detained solely based on the person's failure to display lighted headlamps when weather conditions require the continuous operation of windshield wipers.

Effective Date: July 1, 2007.

Explanation of State Expenditures:

Explanation of State Revenues: (1) *Penalty Provision*: If additional court cases occur and infraction judgments and court fees are collected, revenue to the state General Fund may increase. The maximum judgment for a Class D infraction is \$25, which is deposited in the state General Fund.

If court actions are filed and a judgment is entered, a court fee of \$70 would be assessed, 70% of which would be deposited in the state General Fund if the case is filed in a court of record or 55% if the case is filed in a city or town court. In addition, some or all of the judicial salaries fee (\$15), the public defense administration fee (\$3), the court administration fee (\$2), and the judicial insurance adjustment fee (\$1) are

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deposited into the state General Fund.

If a criminal action, infraction or ordinance violation involves a traffic violation, including this proposed offense, a highway work zone fee of either 50 cents or \$25.50 is assessed.

Explanation of Local Expenditures:

Explanation of Local Revenues: Penalty Provision: If additional court actions are filed and a judgment is entered, local governments would receive revenue from the following sources. The county general fund would receive 27% of the \$70 court fee that is assessed in a court of record. Cities and towns maintaining a law enforcement agency that prosecutes at least 50% of its ordinance violations in a court of record may receive 3% of court fees. If the case is filed in a city or town court, 20% of the court fee would be deposited in the county general fund and 25% would be deposited in the city or town general fund. Additional fees may be collected at the discretion of the judge and depending upon the particular type of case.

State Agencies Affected: Bureau of Motor Vehicles.

Local Agencies Affected: Trial courts, local law enforcement agencies.

Information Sources:

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